



**VISURON**  
TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

## **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date Issued: 5/8/13

MSDS: PolyArmor 1010PW, Part B

### **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Visuron Technologies, Inc.  
900 McFarland 400 Boulevard  
Alpharetta, GA 30004  
770-815-4548

**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:** Mixture of amines

**PRODUCT CODE:** PolyArmor 1010PW Part-B

**GENERIC NAME:** Amine mixture

24 Hour emergency response                      CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

### **2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**PHYSICAL APPEARANCE:** Amber liquid.

**IMMEDIATE CONCERNS:** CAUTION: Corrosive to eyes, skin, and respiratory system. Severe irritant to eyes and skin. May cause sensitization to the respiratory system. May cause sensitization to the skin. Components of the product may have effect on the nervous system.

#### **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

**EYES:** This product and its vapors may cause eye irritation, burns, or even blindness.

**SKIN:** Causes skin burns, irritation and possible allergic reaction.

**INGESTION:** Severe burns of the mouth and throat are possible if ingested, as well as a danger of perforation of the digestive tract.

**INHALATION:** Vapors may be irritating to the upper respiratory tract (including the nasal area) and eyes. Can cause severe eye, skin, and respiratory tract burns. May cause nose, throat, and lung irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure to high concentrations may be harmful and cause adverse effects including labored breathing.

## **SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE**

**INHALATION:** Repeated and/or prolonged exposure to low concentrations of vapors may cause a "Sore Throat".

**ACUTE TOXICITY:** Sensitization, irritation and dermatitis.

**CHRONIC EFFECTS:** This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC, ACGIH, NTP, and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0.1 percent or greater (unless identified under section 15 of this MSDS). Repeated or prolonged contact causes sensitization, asthma, and eczema. Prolonged contact may result in chemical burns and permanent damage.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED:** Eye disease, Skin disorders and Allergies. Adverse skin effects (such as rash, irritation or burns). Adverse eye effects (such as conjunctivitis or corneal damage). Asthma. Adverse respiratory effects (such as cough, tightness of chest or shortness of breath).

**TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT:** Eyes, Respiratory System, and Skin.

**SENSITIZATION:** Possible sensitizer skin contact

## **3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>Wt. %</b>	<b>CAS</b>	<b>EINECS</b>
Diethyltoluene diamine	55-65	68479-98-1	270-877-4

**COMMENTS:** Criteria for listing components in this MSDS are as follows: Carcinogens are listed at 0.1% or greater; hazardous components according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 are listed at 1.0% or greater; non-hazardous components are not listed. This is not intended to be the complete compositional disclosure. Refer to section 15 for other regulatory information.

## **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**EYES:** Immediately flush with plenty of water for two minutes. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. Have eyes examined and tested by medical personnel.

**SKIN:** Remove contaminated clothing and immediately wash affected skin area with plenty of soap and water. Seek medical attention. Either discard or wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

**INGESTION:** Make sure victim is conscious and alert. If so, give 2-3 glasses of water to dilute. **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediate medical

attention is required. Do not leave victim unattended as spontaneous vomiting may occur. Lay victim on side with head lower than waist to prevent aspiration of swallowed product. If victim is conscious and vomiting occurs, give water to further dilute the chemical.

**INHALATION:** Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. Seek medical attention if cough or other symptoms develop.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:** Seek medical advice and/or treatment. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration and call 911.

## **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**FLASHPOINT AND METHOD:** N/D

**FLAMMABLE CLASS:** Not Applicable

**GENERAL HAZARD:** Evacuate personnel upwind of a fire to avoid inhalation of irritating and/or harmful fumes and smoke.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Dry Chemical, Foam or Carbon Dioxide. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool, dilute spills to nonflammable mixtures, protect personnel attempting to stop spill or leak and to disperse vapors.

**FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, (AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Toxic vapors may evolve. Fight fires from a safe distance or protected areas. Use of large volumes of water may produce run-off that could be toxic to wildlife and/or pose a hazardous waste disposal issue. Water may not be effective for large fires.

**FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:** Firefighting personnel are required to use respiratory and eye protection. Full fire protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is recommended to be used for all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires. SCBA may not be required for small outdoor fires that may easily be extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. May generate ammonia gas. May generate toxic nitrogen oxide gases. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**SMALL SPILL:** Dike area to contain spill. Take precautions as necessary to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material on absorbent, such as diatomaceous earth, sawdust, vermiculite, or any appropriate readily available material and sweep or shovel absorbed

material into closed containers for disposal. After all visible traces, including ignitable vapors, have been removed thoroughly wash the contaminated area. Do not flush to sewer. If area of spill is porous, remove as much contaminated earth and gravel, etc. as necessary and place in closed containers for disposal.

Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment designated in Section 8, remove the leaking container to a containment area and place into an appropriate container to prevent any further spill.

**LARGE SPILL:** Construct temporary dikes of dirt or sand to contain spill. Take precautions as necessary to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material on absorbent, such as diatomaceous earth, sawdust, vermiculite, or any appropriate readily available material and sweep or shovel adsorbed material into closed containers for disposal. If area of spill is porous, remove as much contaminated earth and gravel, etc. as necessary and place in closed containers for disposal.

Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment designated in Section 8, close or cap leaking valves and/or block or plug hole in leaking container. Remove the leaking containers to a containment area and place into an appropriate container to prevent any further spill.

Contain material as described above and call the local fire, police or appropriate emergency response provider for immediate emergency assistance.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

**WATER SPILL:** Construct temporary dikes of dirt, sand, or any appropriate readily available material to prevent spreading of material into sources of water.

**GENERAL PROCEDURES:** Absorb spill with an emergency spill kit, diatomaceous earth, saw dust or equivalent inert material. Shovel up and dispose of at an appropriate waste disposal facility following applicable laws and regulations.

## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**GENERAL PROCEDURES:** Store product in original containers. Store container in a secure cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

**HANDLING:** Use with sufficient ventilation to keep employee exposure below recommended limits. Provide adequate ventilation for storage, handling and use, especially for enclosed or low spaces. Avoid contact of liquid with eyes and prolonged skin exposure. Avoid breathing in vapors, mists, and aerosols. Do not allow product to contact open flame or electrical heating elements because dangerous decomposition products may form.

**STORAGE:** Store and warehouse product in an appropriate area or facility. Segregate like materials together to avoid negative chemical reactions. Protect materials from excessive exposure to heat. Observe proper storage conditions and temperatures.

**STORAGE TEMPERATURE:** (50°F) Minimum to (75°F) Maximum

## **8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Proper industrial hygiene practices are required for workers and should be achieved through engineering controls including ventilation with a high turnover rate whenever feasible. When such controls are not available or not feasible to achieve full protection, respirators for workers (and others in the area) and other personal protective equipment is mandated. Exhaust air may need to be scrubbed (cleaned) or filtered to reduce environmental contamination and odors.

### **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

**EYES AND FACE:** Wear safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields when handling and mixing this material.

**SKIN:** Wear impervious compatible chemical resistant protective clothing such as neoprene or butyl rubber gloves, aprons, boots or Tyvek coveralls, as appropriate to prevent contact with skin.

**RESPIRATORY:** For respirator selection and training, seek professional advice. Whenever workplace conditions require a use of a respirator, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements. Wear an OSHA/NIOSH approved respirator selected on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for the chemicals used and given working conditions including the level of airborne contamination and presence of sufficient oxygen.

**WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Always follow "Good personal hygiene practices" when working with this material.

**COMMENTS:** Always practice "good personal hygiene" during and after use of this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet, or applying cosmetics. DO NOT eat, drink, or smoke in work areas that contain hazardous chemicals.

## **9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**PHYSICAL STATE:** Liquid

**ODOR:** Ammonia Smell

**COLOR:** Amber

**pH:** Alkaline

**VAPOR PRESSURE:** N/D

**BOILING POINT:** N/D

**FLASHPOINT AND METHOD:** N/D

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Slightly

**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** N/D

**(VOC):** < 0.001 g/l Estimated

**Notes:** VOC listed on the MSDS is for this component only. Mixed VOC for the combined product may have a different value. Consult the manufacturer or product data sheet for final mixed product VOC value.

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**STABLE:** Yes

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** No

**STABILITY:** This material (product) is stable under normal ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. Follow recommendations for proper storage and use.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Nitric Acid, Ammonia, Nitrogen oxides, Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Aldehydes.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Reactive metals (e.g. sodium, calcium, zinc, etc.), Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds, Organic acids (e.g. acetic acid, citric acid, etc.), Mineral acids, Sodium hypochlorite, Oxidizing agents, Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion, Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum and zinc.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The following information is for the component diethyltoluene diamine.

Acute oral toxicity

LD50: 472 mg/kg (Rat, Female)

LD50: 542 mg/kg (rat, male)

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50: > 2.45 mg/l, 1 h (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50: > 1,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Sensitisation

Maximisation Test: non-sensitizer (guinea pig)

Repeated dose toxicity

21 Days, dermal: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg, (rabbit, Male/Female, daily)

13 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: < 10 mg/l, (Rat, )

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Ames: positive (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with)  
Positive and negative results were seen in various in vitro studies.

Genetic Toxicity in Vivo:

Dominant Lethal Assay: negative (rat, Male/Female, oral)

Cytogenetic assay: positive (Rat, male, oral)

Micronucleus Assay: negative (mouse, Male/Female, intraperitoneal)

Carcinogenicity

Rat, Male/Female, oral, 2 years, daily,  
positive

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:**

The following information is for the component diethyltoluene diamine.

Biodegradation

aerobic, 0 %, Exposure time: 28 Days

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

2,370 mg/g

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: ca. 194 mg/l (Golden orfe (Leuciscus idus), 48 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: ca. 0.5 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h)

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC10: 170 mg/l, (Pseudomonas putida, 24 h)

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**DISPOSAL METHOD:** See the manufacturer's instructions to mix together with the proper components of multi-component materials, and allow to harden. Dispose solids at an appropriate waste disposal facility according to current applicable laws and regulations.

**COMMENTS:** Refer to Section 6. Accidental Release Measures for additional information.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)**

**PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** Paint

**PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION:** 8

**UN/NA NUMBER:** 3066

**PACKING GROUP:** III

**NAERG:** 153

**LABEL:** Corrosive

**OTHER SHIPPING INFORMATION:** Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail. This material is hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC.

#### **AIR (ICAO/IATA)**

**SHIPPING NAME:** Paint

**UN/NA NUMBER:** 3066

**PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION:** 8

**PACKING GROUP:** III

**LABEL:** Corrosive



**VESSEL (IMO/IMDG)**

**SHIPPING NAME:** Paint

**UN/NA NUMBER:** 3066

**PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION:** 8

**PACKING GROUP:** III

**LABEL:** Corrosive

**CANADA TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS**

**SHIPPING NAME:** Paint

**UN/NA NUMBER:** 3066

**PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION:** 8

**PACKING GROUP:** III

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

The following information is for the component diethyltoluene diamine.

United States Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazcom Standard Rating: Hazardous

US. Toxic Substances Control Act: Listed on the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

Components

None

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A):

Components

None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required:

## Components

None

US. EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Composite List of Hazardous Wastes and Appendix VIII Hazardous Constituents (40 CFR 261)

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste.

## State Right-To-Know Information

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the MSDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

Massachusetts, New Jersey or Pennsylvania Right to Know Substance Lists:

Weight percent Components CAS-No.  
>=95% Diethyltoluenediamine (DETDA) 68479-98-1  
California Prop. 65:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any of the listed chemicals, which the state of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION:**

**MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER:** This MSDS to the best of our knowledge conforms to the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200, 91/155/EEC and summarizes the health and safety hazard information and general guidance on how to safety handle the material at the date of issue. Each user must review the MSDS in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company. Responsibility for the product sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is available upon request. This company warrants only that its products meet the specifications stated in the sales contract. Typical properties, where stated, are to be considered as representative of current production and should not be treated as specifications. While all the information presented in this document is believed to be reliable and to represent the best available data on these products, **NO GUARANTEE, WARRANTY, OR REPRESENTATION IS MADE, INTENDED, OR IMPLIED AS TO THE CORRECTNESS, OR SUFFICIENCY OF ANY INFORMATION, OR AS TO THE MERCHANTABILITY OR SUITABILITY OR FITNESS OF ANY**

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